

**BIKING**  
**(Byblos to Tripoli)**

**Program:**

Dep	Arr	Duration	Details
08:00	09:00	60 min	Depart from Beirut via North to Byblos
09:00	10:30	90 min	Visit the old city
10:30	12:30	120 min	Start biking from Byblos to Batroun (15 Kms)
12:30	13:30	60 min	Lunch in Batroun
13:00	15:00	120 min	Proceed Biking to Enfeh (15 Kms)
15:00	15:30	30 min	Drive back to Batroun for Lemonade
15:30	16:00	30 min	Break
16:00	17:00	60 min	Drive back to Beirut

**Duration of excursion: 9 hours**

**Practical information:**

- Bring biking or tennis shoes comfortable for Biking
- Bring hat, sunglasses, sunscreen & small towel
- Camera for unforgettable photo shooting

**Description of the site:**

**Byblos** (now Jbeil) gathers over 6000 years of history and culture.

Up from a cliff, it marks the site of the most ancient port of the world and a commercially once flourishing center. But Byblos was also a place of worship, since it has dwelled the temple of obelisks and from where dug out the famous figurines of Byblos, votive statuettes. The visitor will be astonished of the number of superimposed cultural layers: Neolithic, Phoenician, Assyrian, Egyptian, Greek, Roman. The Romans have left to Byblos a monumental fountain, a sanctuary, a colonnade, and most of all a magnificent amphitheater facing the sea. The strong place of this site is the Castle built by the Crusaders inside the ramparts of the ancient city. Hundred meters further stands the Church of St. John, of Roman style, built in the XIIIe century, and still in very good shape.

**Batroun** is a major tourist destination in [North Lebanon](#). The town boasts tens of historic churches, both [Catholic](#) and [Greek Orthodox](#). The town is also a major beach resort with a vibrant nightlife. Citrus groves surround Batroun, and the town has been famous, from the early twentieth century, for its fresh lemonade, which is sold by most of the cafés and restaurants on its main street.



**Enfeh** dates back from at least 3,000 years of human occupation lie tangled among the myrtle and brambles of this 400 meter long and 120m wide peninsula. It is partially separated from the land by two great trenches-dug into the bedrock during the Crusader period. While Enfeh has witnessed only minor excavation, Phoenician and Roman walls, wine presses, mosaic floors, and two seventh century-A.D. chapels lie bare beneath the intense sun and wind. This lovely seaside fishing town is known for its ancient churches and caves